#### **AFADL 2016**

## GenISIS: un outil de recherche d'attaques d'initié en Systèmes d'Information

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#### CONTEXT AND MOTIVATION

Information System security includes =
 Protection against external intruders

+

#### Insider attacks.







### OUTLINE



#### 1. Introduction



Illustration example

2. Malicious behavior



3. Extraction of malicious behaviors

Extraction of malicious behaviors from B Specification



#### 4. Conclusion

constraint sorring based approach

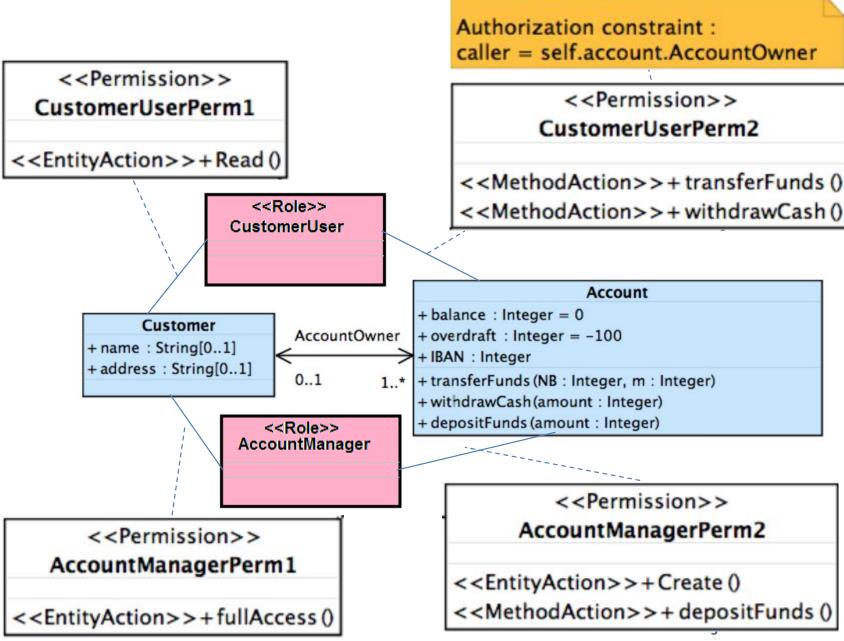
GenISIS tool



### Introduction

- Illustration example Dynamic analysis

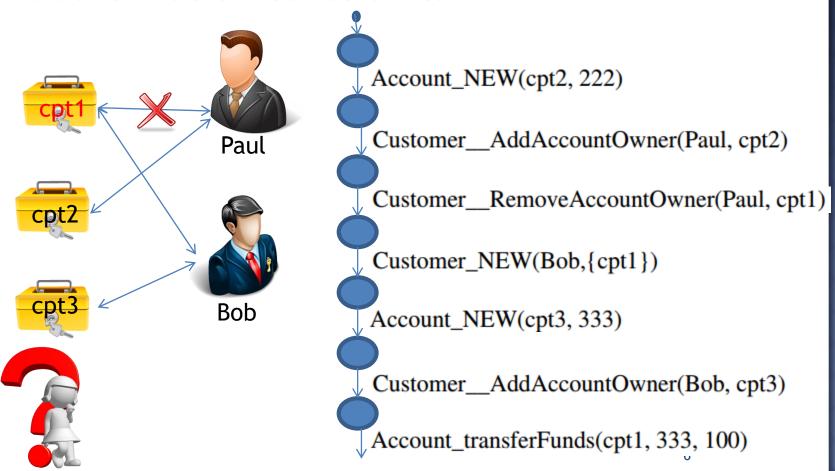
### ILLUSTRATION EXAMPLE





### DYNAMIC ANALYSIS

 Dynamic analysis searches for sequences of actions modifying the state and breaking the authorization constraint.



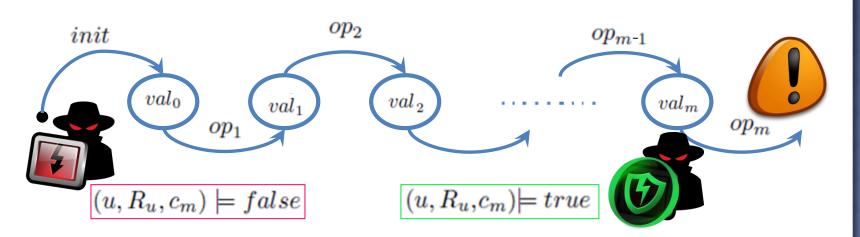


Malicious behavior

### MALICIOUS BEHAVIOR

A malicious behaviour executed by a user u, regarding authorization constraints, is an observable secure behaviour Q with m steps such that:

- user u is malicious and would like to run  $op_m$  by misusing his roles  $R_u$ .
- $-val_0$ : is an initial state where  $(u, R_u, c_m) \models false$
- for every step i  $(i \in 1..m)$  premise  $(u, R_u, c_i) \models true$

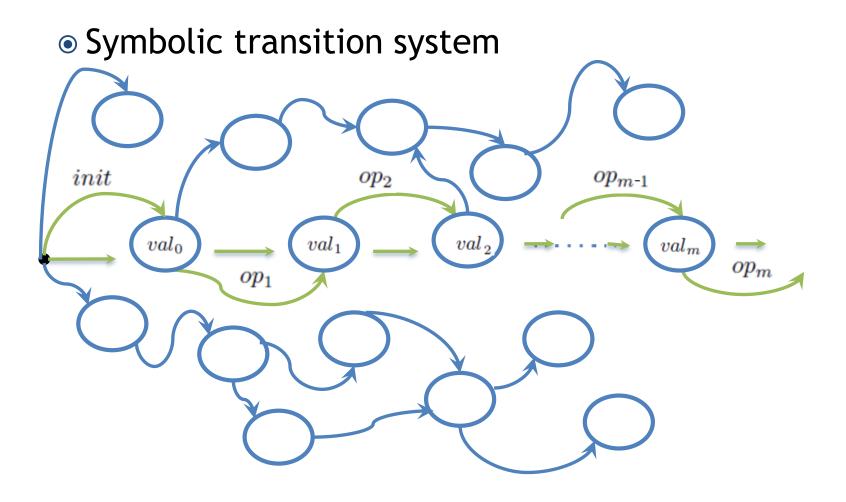


[A. Radhouani et al., Trans. Petri Nets and Other Models of Concurrency 10: 131-152 (2015)]



### Extraction of malicious behaviors

- 1. Extraction of malicious behaviors from B Specification
- 2. Proof based approach
- 3. Constraint solving based approach
- 4. GenISIS Tool

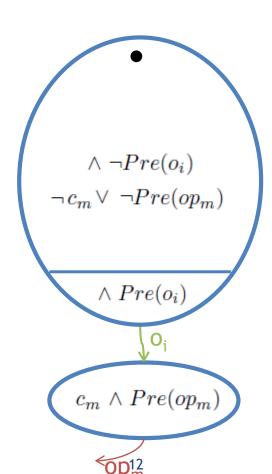


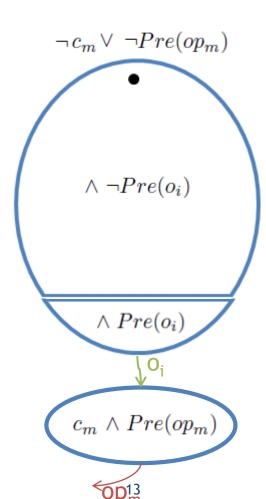
#### Symbolic proof

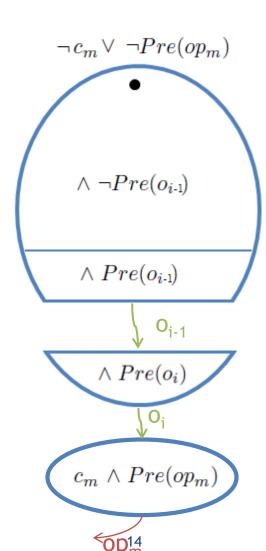
- Proof obligations on reachability properties:
  - Having E and F, 2 disjoint state predicates
  - And  $op(x_1, x_2, ..., x_n)$  is an operation of the IS.
  - Enabledness:  $\exists x_1, \dots, x_n, var. P_I \land Pre(op)$
  - Reachability:  $\exists x_1, \dots, x_n, var. P_I \land Pre(op) \Rightarrow \neg [Action(op)] \neg P_F$

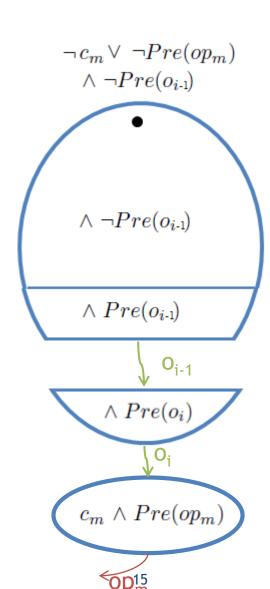
$$\exists x_1, \dots, x_n, var. P_{\mathsf{I}} \land Pre(op) \land \neg [Action(op)] \neg P_{\mathsf{F}}$$

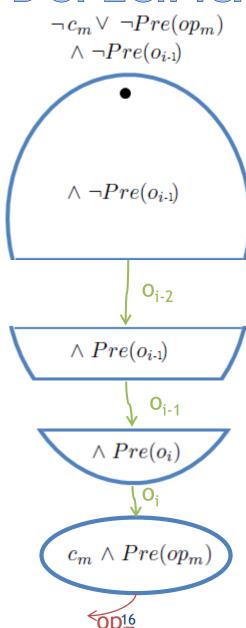




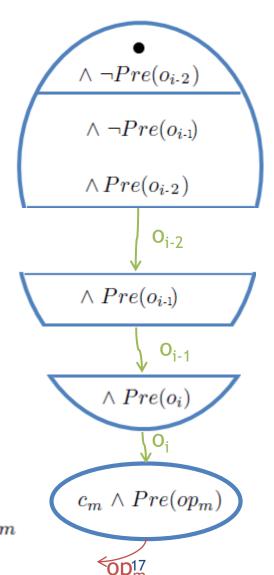








 $\neg c_m \lor \neg Pre(op_m)$  $\land \neg Pre(o_i)$ 



Q = init;

,

;  $op_m$ 

#### PROOF BASED APPROACH

[A. Radhouani, A. Idani, Y. Ledru and N. Ben Rajeb. TopNoc10: 131-152 (2015)]

First step: Use of a prover (AtelierB) to extract symbolic operations.

operations which Customer Add Account Owner tep.

Customer\_\_RemoveAccountOwner

AtelierB fails to scharge automatically PO when the proof becomes huge. Customer\_NEW

#### In our example:

- First iteration: Account\_NEW are nept.
- Second iteration Customer AddAccountOwner ns.
- Unable to extract Account\_transferFunds several times.

eration

### CONSTRAINT SOLVING BASED APPROACH

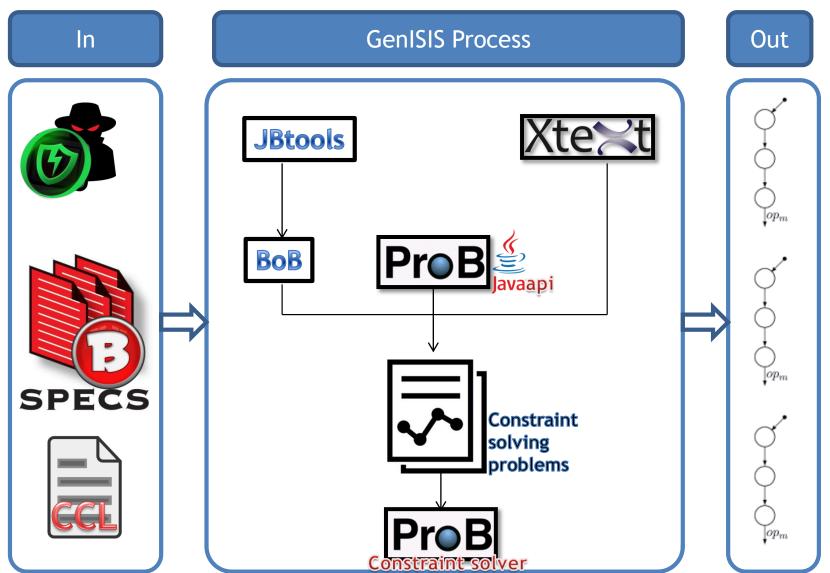
#### • Constraint solving problem:

$$\{x_1,\ldots,x_n|\exists var. P_{\mathsf{I}} \land Pre(op) \land \neg [Action(op)] \neg P_{\mathsf{F}}\}$$

- Allows to valuate operation parameters.
- Simplifies the proof.
- Allows to extract scenarios which involves the same operation several times (the same operation with different valuations).

### GENISIS TOOL

-Generator of Insider Scenarios from an Information System-





### Conclusion



### CONCLUSIONS

- GenISIS was able to extract 9 scenarios.
  - 2 real attacks: allowed in the security model.
  - 7 fake attacks: not allowed in the security model.
- A model-checker (i.e ProB) extracted the same attacks after exploring more than 1500 states and 36000 transitions.
- GenISIS was Was successfully tested on 5 case studies.



Try it, it is available on open source in: <a href="http://genisis.forge.imag.fr">http://genisis.forge.imag.fr</a>/

# Thanks for your attention



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